

GreenDIGIT Project for Greening Future Digital Research Infrastructures

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- GreenDIGIT project scope and goals
- Shared Responsibility Model for Sustainability
 - RI Roles and Actors definition: RI providers/operators Research applications developers -Researchers
- Ongoing work and expected results
 - Sustainability by Design: Infrastructure components and aspects to be addressed
 - Energy and environment impact aware researcher tools
 - *RI Landscape analysis and recommendations*



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GreenDIGIT Project: Founding Digital RIs (ESFRI)

- EBRAINS An open research infrastructure that gathers data, tools and computing facilities for brain-related research
- EGI International federation delivering e-Infrastructure and open solutions for advanced computing and data analytics in research and innovation
- **SLICES** Scientific Large-scale Infrastructure for Computing and Communication Experimental Studies
- SoBigData Distributed, Pan-European, multi-disciplinary research infrastructure aimed at using social mining and Big Data to understand the complexity of our contemporary, globally interconnected society



GreenDIGIT project (2024-2027) – Objectives

- **O1: Assess status and trends** of low impact computing within 4 DIGIT RIs (EGI, SLICES, SoBigData, EBRAINS) and in the broader digital service provider community of ESFRIs, to produce recommendations and **roadmaps** for providers for during and beyond the project.
- **O2: Provide reference architecture and design principles**, as well as an actionable model for RIs about environmental impact assessment and monitoring, reflecting on the whole RI lifecycle and including the digital infrastructure components and their interaction with the broader environment.
- **O3: Develop and validate new and innovative technologies, methods, and tools** for digital service providers within European Research Infrastructures through which they can reduce their energy consumptions and overall environmental impact.
- **O4: Develop and provide for researcher technical tools** that assist them in the design, execution and sharing of environmental impact aware digital applications with reproducibility, Open Science and FAIR data management considerations.
- **O5: Educate and support digital service providers and researchers** in the RI communities about good practices on environmental impact conscious lifecycle management and operation of infrastructures and services.



Sustainability Aspects: Energy Efficiency – Decarbonisation – Environmental Impact

- Energy Efficiency in Digital Infrastructures:
 - **Definition**: This refers to optimizing digital infrastructures to consume as little energy as possible for a given workload or service. It's about achieving more computational or storage results with less energy input.
- Decarbonization of Digital Infrastructures:
 - **Definition**: This specifically targets the reduction of carbon emissions associated with the operation and maintenance of digital infrastructures.
- Reducing Environmental Impact of Digital Infrastructures:
 - **Definition**: This is a more comprehensive consideration of the various ways digital infrastructures might affect the environment, going beyond just energy consumption and carbon emissions.

Architecture, Design, Recommendations

Operation, Monitoring, KPI

Lifecycle, Policy, Training



Importance of the Architecture definition

- Architecture is a way to coordinate/synch/unite and establish a common language between
 - Developers of Infrastructure and Applications
 - Operators
 - Users/Researchers
 - Policy and decision makers
- A basis for linking standards and regulations to functional architecture components
 - Ensure compliance of the designed/developed RI and services (including for audit and certification)
 - Refer to TOGAF architecture principles (as an approach accepted by the majority of businesses)



GreenDIGIT Architecture Definition Methodology

- General view on the RI Ecosystem Optimisation and Green IT
 - Horizontal, vertical, lifecycle
 - RI Operators and Researchers
 - RI continuum: (Research Object) Sensor (RAN) Edge Cloud Workflow Researcher
- Sustainable architecture design principles
 - As a basis for modelling and metrics for RI infrastructure operation and optimisation
 - Shared Responsibility Model: RI provider/operator and Researchers/Projects
 - Sustainability by design A novel concept to be introduced addressing different aspects and stages
- Linkage with existing Standards and Regulations to ensure Sustainable Architecture Design principles support compliance with the standards, regulations and audit
 - To provide the opportunity for RI/datacenter operation (and design) optimisation (through the whole lifecycle)
- System Engineering and Design (thinking) approach in Green research and technologies

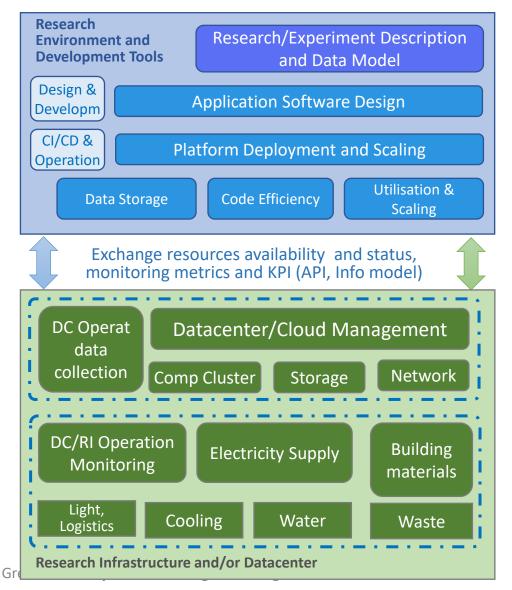


Shared Responsibility in Sustainability – Reflecting **Operational and Management Aspects and Roles**

Users responsible for sustainability **ON** the RI



sustainability **of** the RI



Standards and regulations Software Development **Quality and Design Patterns**

Project/Researcher Responsibility: Applications Development, Deployment. **Operation**, Energy usage and KPI monitoring

Provider/Operator Responsibility: Research Infrastructure or Datacenter, **Monitoring Energy** and environmental impact metrics and KPI

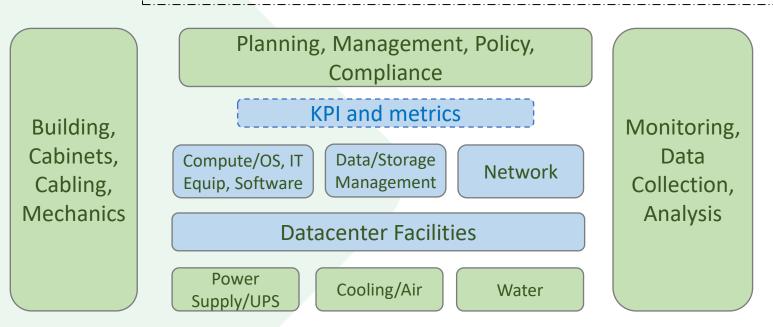
Standards and regulations Datacenter and RI Building and Operation

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Best Practice for the EU CoC on Data Centre Energy Efficiency: Main Infrastructure components – RI/Datacenter Operator Perspective

enDigit Also supported in the EC Delegated Regulation (EU) 2024/1364 of 14 March 2024



Different roles of participants

- Operator
- Colocation provider
- Colocation customer

- Managed services provider
- Managed services provider in colocation space

Areas of responsibility/ management

- Physical building
- Mechanical and electrical plant
- Data floor and air floor
- Cabinets and cabinets airflow
- Metrics and operation measurement points (?)
- IT equipment
- Operating systems and virtualisation
- Software
- Business Practices

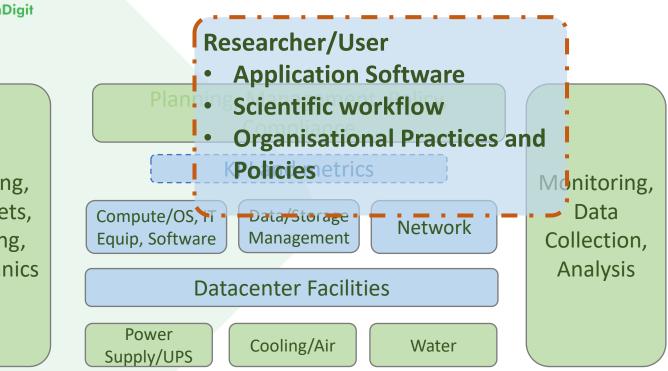
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[ref] https://e3p.jrc.ec.europa.eu/sites/default/files/documents/publications/jrc136986_2024_best_practice_guidelines.pdf



Best Practice for the EU CoC on Data Centre Energy Efficiency – Researcher/User Perspective

Building, Cabinets, Cabling, Mechanics



Different roles of participants

- Managed services provider
- Research organisation, project

Researcher (scientific workflow, data collection, scheduling)

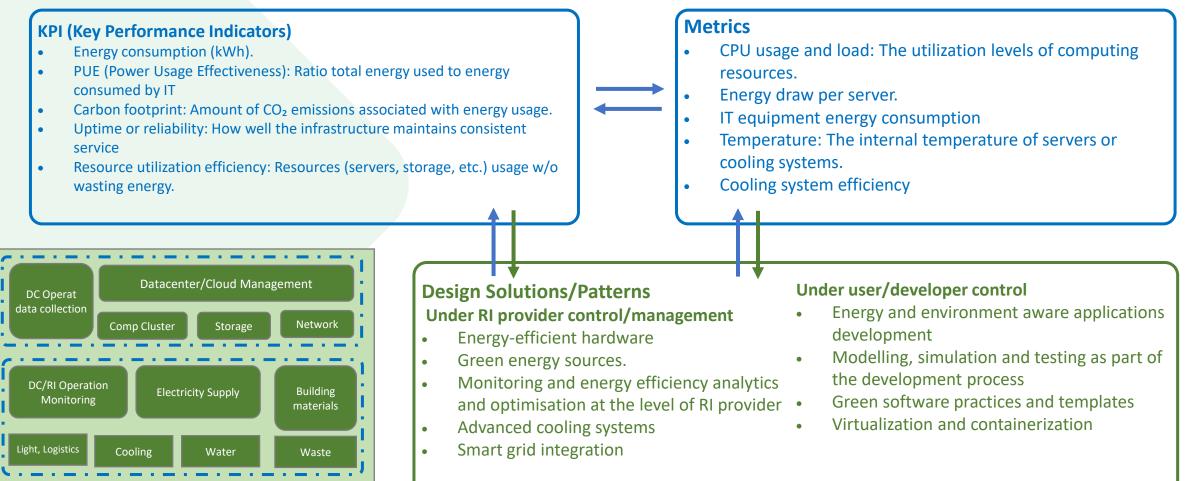
Areas of responsibility/ management

- Research Development
 Environment
 - Application Software
 - Scientific workflow
- Control/Management RI/datacenter platform
 - Applications/SW lifecycle
 - IT equipment operation/ control and Optimisation
 - Operating systems and virtualisation
- Organisational Practices and Policies

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Linking KPI, Metrics and Design Patterns

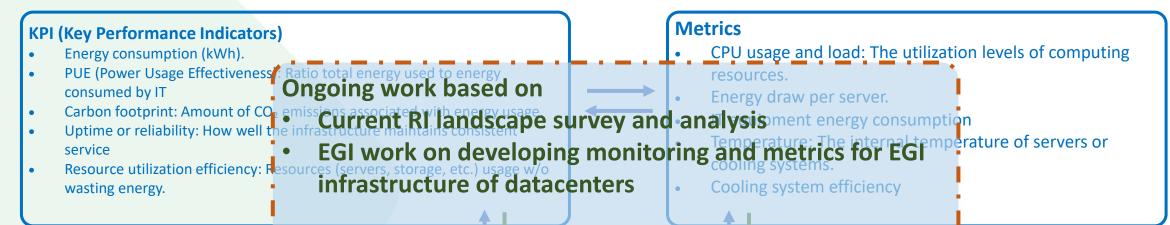


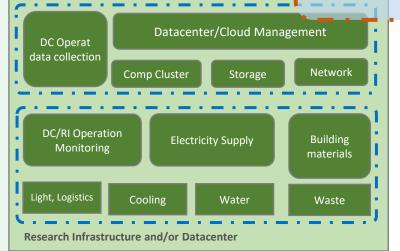
Research Infrastructure and/or Datacenter

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Linking KPI, Metrics and Design Patterns – Ongoing work





Design Solutions/Patterns

Under RI provider control/management

- Energy-efficient hardware
- Green energy sources.
- Monitoring and energy efficiency analytics and optimisation at the level of RI provider
- Advanced cooling systems
- Smart grid integration

Under user/developer control

- Energy and environment aware applications development
- Modelling, simulation and testing as part of the development process
- Green software practices and templates
- Virtualization and containerization



RI/Systems Sustainability by Design Components/Aspects

- Architecture for Sustainability by Design
 - Functional components, layers, API, Requirements
- Software and application components that can be optimised during design and controlled during operation
 - Corresponding optimisation model to be proposed
 - Supported with VRE and IDE with environmental sustainability awareness
 - Green aware API including necessary energy, performance, environment information

Common information/data model and metadata (naming)

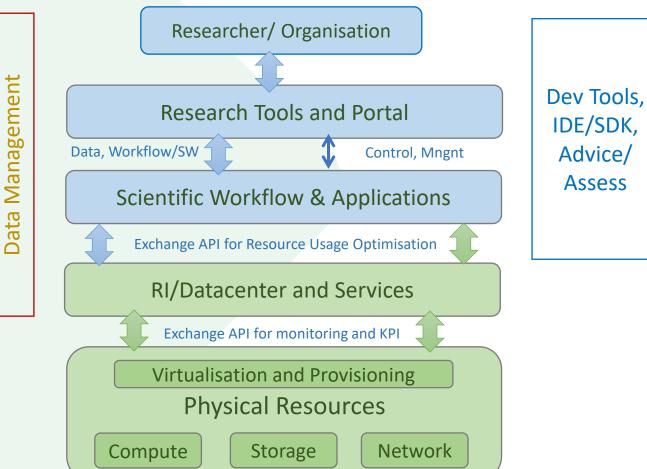
- Including Requirements, KPI, Metrics
- Compliant with PUE and other KPI, verified with existing standards

RI and applications lifecycle

• All RI lifecycle stages (concept, design, development, deployment, operation, decommissioning) and scientific workflow and research data lifecycle to be aligned with environmental sustainability policy and monitoring



RI/Datacenter Components and Layers



- L5 Researcher/Organisation
- L4 Research Tools and Portal
- I 3 Scientific Workflow and **Applications**
- L2 RI/Datacenter and Services
- L1 Physical resources (compute, storage, network)
 - Controlled, monitored, optimised



Discussion and Questions

- GreenDIGIT project is in active development state
 - To provide a commonly accepted development framework
- Active dissemination and outreach activity is planned
 - Newsletters and executive briefings
- Research community cooperation and contribution
 - Joint workshops and events are organised and planned



Additional and Reference information

- Existing Initiatives and Developments for Green Software and Applications
- Standards and Regulations Overview and Analysis
- Landscape of the Sustainability Research, Development Policy



Existing Initiatives and Developments for Green Software and Applications

- Green Software Foundation https://greensoftware.foundation/
 - Carbon Aware SDK, Green Software Patterns
- SustainableIT <u>https://www.sustainableit.org/</u>
 - IT Standards for Environmental, Social, and Governance Sustainability
- ICT Footprint: European Framework Initiative for Energy & Environmental Efficiency in the ICT Sector - <u>https://www.ictfootprint.eu/</u>
 - Self-assessment Framework (Organisations) Light Certification Scheme
- Cloud Carbon Footprint <u>https://www.cloudcarbonfootprint.org/</u>
- RIPE NCC Green IT and Network activity
 - Green Hackathon https://labs.ripe.net/author/becha/announcing-the-green-tech-hackathon/
- AWS Sustainability Pillar and Shared Responsibility <u>https://docs.aws.amazon.com/wellarchitected/latest/sustainability-pillar/the-shared-responsibility-model.html</u>



Standards and Regulations – Overview and Analysis

- Architecture Requirements based on Standards, BCP and Regulations
 - Mapping standards requirements to infrastructure functional components
- EU Code of Conduct for data centers Best Practices published annually by JRC
- European standards series EN 50600
- International group of standards ISO 50001, ISO 50002, ISO 14001, ISO 30134
- Full Summary of the standards and regulations analysis will be produced in a separate document – To be open for Research community



Landscape of the Sustainability Research, Development Policy - Goal to define GreenDIGIT place and contribution

General, not technical

- Economy and Financial sustainability
- Social and Community
- Cultural Sustainability
- Governance and Policy
- Sustainability in Supply Chain

Research, technology, circular operation

- Technology
- Manufacturing
- Environmental Research and Monitoring
- Research and Research Infrastructure/Facility
- Education and Competences

Place for GreenDIGIT

- Research domains
- Operation
- Education and competences
- In general, to promote the Shared Responsibility Model for Sustainability